



DEMOBILIZATION

REINTEGRATION

PEACE & SECURITY

Quarterly Progress Report

Multi-Country Demobilization
and Reintegration Program
(MDRP)

MDRP Secretariat - Program Summary

QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

October - December 2007

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

I. OVERALL MDRP HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE PERIOD

Table 11: Summary of demobilization, reinsertion and reintegration activities in MDRP countries (31st December 2007)

		Number of Beneficiaries				
		Cumulative last quarter	Current quarter	Total	Target Projected	% of Achievement
Angola	Demobilization*	97,117	273	97,390	138,000	71%
	Reinsertion	51,763	651	52,414	62,716	84%
	Reintegration**	72,014	3,722	75,736	166,662	45%
Burundi	Demobilization	23,185	1,319	24,504	55,000	45%
	Reinsertion	20,144	1,319	21,463	55,000	39%
	Reintegration	13,030	553	13,583	55,000	25%
CAR	Demobilization	Project closed 02/28/07		7,556	7,565	100%
	Reinsertion	Project closed 02/28/07		7,533	7,565	100%
	Reintegration	Project closed 02/28/07		7,556	7,565	100%
DRC***	Demobilization	124,059	0	124,059	150,000	83%
	Reinsertion	102,013	0	102,013	120,000	85%
	Reintegration	52,125	0	52,125	90,000	58%
ROC	Demobilization	0	0	0	11,000	0%
	Reinsertion	0	0	0	11,000	0%
	Reintegration	5,059	2,719	7,778	30,000	26%
Rwanda	Demobilization	26,688	1,713	28,401	36,000	79%
	Reinsertion	38,978	1,598	40,576	47,400	86%
	Reintegration	41,504	68	41,572	57,000	73%
Uganda	Demobilization	16,184	72	16,256	15,310	106%
	Reinsertion	14,533	283	14,816	15,310	97%
	Reintegration					
MDRP Total	Demobilization	294,789	3,377	298,166	412,875	72%
	Reinsertion	234,964	3,851	238,815	318,991	75%
	Reintegration	191,288	7,062	198,350	406,227	49%

NB: Figures may appear inconsistent relative to the previous quarter and to the Monthly Statistical Report due to the ongoing consolidation of data several across programs.

* Cumulative demobilization figures appear inconsistent with the previous quarter due to a reporting error from the previous quarter.

** Cumulative numbers for the last quarter have been revised to incorporate adjustments resulting from the shift by IRSEM to the reporting of actual numbers registered in the Management Information System (MIS).

*** Demobilization: Cumulative numbers for the last quarter have been revised to reflect adjustments due to the reconciliation and consolidation of the MIS. The current total must be considered an interim figure due to delays in the availability of data by province following consolidation. These figures will be adjusted and harmonized over the following quarter. Reinsertion: Cumulative numbers for the last quarter have been revised to reflect adjustments due to the reconciliation and consolidation of the MIS.

¹ Please note that the programs in Uganda, Rwanda and Angola provide both in-kind and in-cash reinsertion benefits to ex-combatants. In these cases, the reinsertion number used in the table reflects the highest number of the two (in-kind or in-cash) reported. However, the program in CAR, initially started to provide in-kind assistance and then switched to providing cash benefits. Thus, the number in this table includes both sets of beneficiaries. With regard to the targets, MDRP reports progress as measured against the targets stipulated in the legal agreements rather than operational targets. If targets are adjusted in the legal agreement, target numbers will be revised accordingly in the MDRP reports.

II. NATIONAL PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

A. Angola

As of December 31, 2007, the number of demobilized ex-combatants in Angola remained stable, with no further progress on the demobilization of Angolan Armed Forces (FAA) personnel. Following the reconciliation and consolidation of the program registration databases, the total number of ex-combatant beneficiaries in the program is at 97,390. Although the Government has not officially indicated any cancellation of further discharge from the FAA, the fact that the deadline for program access is rapidly approaching as well as the lack of further preparations within the FAA, indicates that it is unlikely that additional personnel will be discharged from the force before elections are held in September 2008.

Reintegration activities have continued to expand during the quarter. To date, approximately 69,000 direct beneficiaries have received reintegration support in 145 sub-projects. An additional 57 new projects were approved during the quarter for a potential coverage of over 95,000 ex-combatants, or 96 percent of the current beneficiary case-load.

Monitoring activities assessing the progress of reintegration support have continued. As of September 30, 2007, approximately 8,000 ex-combatants were interviewed three to six months after receiving reintegration support. Main findings of these interviews include: 62 percent of ex-combatants are self employed; 34 percent are unemployed, 4 percent are formally employed; 97 percent have access to agriculture land, and 99 percent have established families.

No WB/MDRP supervision missions to Angola were carried out during the quarter. A mission with the participation of MDRP partners and WB management is scheduled for the end of March 2008. The mission is aimed at restructuring the project and cancelling portions of the Trust Fund that will no longer be necessary due to the reduction of the number of beneficiaries in the program.

Through the end of quarter, the ADRP had disbursed a total of \$53.9 million². MDRP Trust Fund disbursements increased to \$18.2 million. The ADRP financial unit reports \$45.5 million in expenses from IDA, MDRP/TF, and EC sources through November 30, 2007, in addition to \$157 million invested by the Government of Angola in the disarmament and demobilization components.

B. Burundi

Between September 1 and December 31, 2007 the Burundi Emergency Demobilization, Reinsertion and Reintegration Project received 1,319 newly demobilized ex-combatants, reaching a total of 24,504 participants.

Reinsertion support has continued to participants still entitled to receive benefits. Bank transfers were made twice a month and no significant problems have been reported.

Reintegration activities during the fourth quarter of 2007 showed a significant slow down. Although 533 ex-combatants received reintegration support during the period (14 in formal education and 539 in the promotion of income generating activities), this is still far below the

² Includes \$ 4.3 million of UNDP executed special project

numbers that the project should be supporting in order to maintain its objectives within reach. The slowing of reintegration support has been exacerbated by the following: (i) the closing of the contracts in execution for the provision of reintegration benefits, (ii) the slow pace of the negotiation of extensions, and (iii) the identification of new implementation partners.

Regarding the provision of support to disabled ex-combatants, OXFAM-QUEBEC finalized the identification and screening of locations and type of social and economic support projects for 2,040 disabled beneficiaries. The Executive Secretary received 409 micro-projects for review and approval in support this particular group. For medical rehabilitation, AMA identified 1,995 individuals requiring special care including surgeries, rehabilitation and prosthetics. The reunification and reintegration of child soldiers continued with 66 cases reunified.

Total disbursements for the EDRRP stand at \$42.3 million (not including the UNICEF-executed special project for child soldiers). MDRP Trust Fund disbursements for Burundi stand at \$17.3 million.

C. Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC)

During the last quarter of 2007, the World Bank and MDRP continued to work with the Government to process an IDA Additional Financing Operation for US\$50 million. In order to proceed with negotiations, the Government was required to reimburse its second installment of US\$ 2 million for misprocured and/or ineligible expenses, which was overdue at the end of the quarter. In addition the Government was required to sign a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) related to the conditions that would apply within the related new legal agreement. The MOU, which was received in late December, confirmed the Government's intention to accept all conditions.

Although existing contracts for the provision of reintegration support to ex-combatants continue to be honored, the Project was unable to enter into any new agreements due to the shortfall in financing. Other activities included continued work on the consolidation of reintegration data with significant progress over the quarter. The Project has improved the use of the standardized reporting formats which has resulted in additional and enhanced information on the reintegration of ex combatants. The Project's Reintegration team also worked with the MDRP Secretariat on a limited sample survey on the use of cash-based Reinsertion assistance.

On November 9, in Nairobi, Kenya, an agreement was signed between the Government of the Democratic Republic of Congo and Rwanda which was aimed at resolving the threat to regional stability posed by the armed groups in eastern DRC. The Government of the DRC pledged to prepare a detailed plan to disarm and address the threat posed by the ex FAR/*Interahamwe* and to launch military operation to dismantle these groups.

In addition, the various armed groups, both signatories and non signatories to the Lusaka peace agreement, continued to operate in eastern DRC and reject the army integration/demobilization process. As with Ituri, the Government is seeking international assistance to help assist them address the issue. A Conference, including all stakeholders, was expected to be held in Goma in January 2008, to address the situation and to establish a cease fire.

D. Republic of Congo (RoC)

As of 31st of December 2007, reintegration support was being provided to 2,417 '*autodémobilisés*' in the Plateaux, the Bouenza, the Lekoumou and the Pool region. All beneficiaries from these regions have received support to initiate their micro projects. Beneficiaries in the regions of Niari and the Cuvette experienced some delays but reintegration support was expected to begin in early 2008. Medical and psychosocial assistance continued in all regions covered by the Project.

Political negotiations with rebel leader Reverend Pasteur Ntoumi in the Pool Region led to a two-day seminar in Kinkala in early December 2007 with the participation of the MDRP to disseminate the operational aspects of demobilization and PNDDR.

A mid-term review (MTR) of the project, led by the Task Team Leader, took place from November 14-20 in Brazzaville; the mission included a visit to the Gamboma's Provincial Office. The MTR emphasized the critical dated milestones in light of the closing date in December 2008. The MTR also: (i) reviewed progress on the reintegration of the *'autodémobilisés'*, (ii) provided technical assistance to the implementing agency on procurement, (iii) assessed progress with demobilization in the Pool, (iv) evaluated progress on co-financing with the EC, and (v) prepared a detailed disbursement forecast through March 2008.

Priorities for next quarter included: (i) the identification and demobilization of the ex-combatants as planned in the PNDDR, (ii) follow-up of social and economic reinsertion as well as medical and psychosocial assistance, and (iii) financing and implementation of the micro projects of all trained beneficiaries in all the regions.

E. Rwanda

The Rwanda Demobilization and Reintegration Commission (RDRC) continued with the demobilization of ex-armed groups at a modest pace over the quarter, based on the limited returns from eastern DRC. The deterioration of the security situation in the eastern DRC significantly hampered this process, as it has become more difficult for FDLR/FOCA combatants to disarm and repatriate voluntarily. In the fourth quarter of 2007, the GoR demobilized an additional 54 ex-combatants of armed groups and 1,644 soldiers of the Rwanda Defense Forces. To date, the second stage of the RDRP has provided reinsertion assistance to 42,349 ex-combatants and reintegration assistance to 39,601 ex-combatants (including 11,800 demobilized in stage I of the Program). In this quarter, 1,300 ex-combatants received reintegration assistance through the RDRC. An extension of the closing date of the MDRP/MDTF grant and the IDA credit was finalized in December 2007, with the new closing date for these sources of financing now set at December 31, 2008

III. REGIONAL ACTIVITIES

A. Technical Coordination Group (TCG)

The MDRP Secretariat convened a TCG session during the Advisory and Trust Fund Committee Meetings in Paris to: (i) allow TCG members to discuss and share ideas and experiences on working with the World Bank and to learn more about the Bank's policies and procedures, mandate and priorities within the Africa Region; and (ii) present and discuss creative leadership in the context of DDR programs.

Further to these sessions, the MDRP held its first one-day Learning Seminar following the Advisory and Trust Fund Meetings to promote knowledge sharing and dissemination with MDRP partners and other stakeholders. The seminar included updates on ongoing MDRP analytical work, reflections on lessons learned and best practice at the country-level, and opportunities for participants to exchange on priority issues within the DDR field, including cash payments, reintegration programming and exit strategies. The ideas raised during the seminar will be used to strengthen the work of the MDRP at the regional and national level, to refine the MDRP research agenda for 2008 and to identify key issues for exploration as part of the upcoming MDRP evaluation.

Further details on these sessions can be found in the complete proceedings of the Meetings on www.mdrp.org

B. Combatants on Foreign Soil (COFS)

During the fourth quarter of 2007, the MDRP Secretariat presented the Study on Foreign Armed Groups in Eastern DRC at a retreat for 40 FARDC officers on 'collaborative leadership and the cohesion of the state in the DRC' from November 19th – 24th in Bukavu, organized by the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars and ESSEC/ IRENE (*Institute de Recherche et Enseignement sur la Négociation en Europe*), with the support of Catholic Relief Services and UNDP. The study was also presented to the Committee for Security at the Conference for Peace and Development of the Kivu Provinces in Goma. North Kivu.

TCG members convened during the MDRP Advisory and Trust Fund Committee Meetings in Paris to discuss COFS. Participants agreed that a TCG meeting to discuss COFS remains relevant and should be pursued. The Republic of Congo offered to host this meeting, and it was agreed that the meeting would take place before April 30, 2008.

C. Analytical Advisory Activities (AAA)

The MDRP published its first dissemination note on Social and Economic Status of Beneficiaries of the Burundi Child Soldier Demobilization, Social Reintegration and Recruitment Prevention Special Project. The document highlights the findings of a beneficiary assessment carried out by the MDRP Secretariat in June 2006.

The final data collection phase for the study on Reinsertion support effectiveness was carried out late in the quarter by the MDRP team in Kinshasa. The second stage of quantitative analysis across MDRP countries, leading to identification of preliminary lessons and best practice is set to commence in the fourth quarter. Preliminary findings were presented and discussed during the MDRP TCG learning event in Paris.

D. Learning for Equality Access and Peace (LEAP)

The LEAP program to mainstream gender elements of MDRP's DDR programs continued during the fourth quarter with the development of draft action plans for each country and field work in DRC and RoC.

In the Republic of Congo, an action plan for gender was agreed upon with MDRP counterpart and initiated during a mission in November including the identification of a potential pilot on support for family reintegration.

In the DRC, the MDRP-Kinshasa team carried out a survey to profile vulnerable groups amongst female ex-combatants supported under the PNDDR, the results of which fed into a Secretariat staff mission to the country to design a pilot aimed at reinforcing reintegration assistance to vulnerable female ex-combatants and to collect information on activities related to Gender-based violence in the country. The mission also worked with the Government to initiate their gender action plan.

And finally, in Uganda, inputs have been provided for the design of the potential follow-on program in Uganda from a gender perspective.

E. Workshops and Conferences:

The fourth quarter of 2007 saw two key MDRP events: (i) Joint Partner Missions and regional wrap-up meeting and (ii) MDRP Annual Partners Conference.

In October the MDRP Secretariat focused on Joint Partner Missions to MDRP countries, which were carried out over the month and successfully culminated with a regional wrap-up meeting in Nairobi. Participants included representatives from Belgium, Canada, Finland, The Netherlands, MONUC, Norway, and UNDP. Partners discussed results achieved through country-level operations within the comprehensive regional framework, the status of program implementation, activities towards the development of an environment conducive to the advancement of regional peace-building activities, risks and possible mitigation measures for MDRP supported activities, MDRP exit strategy and finally a set of recommendations going forward as the program enters the final phase of its program-life. The full report is available at <http://www.mdrp.org/reports.htm>.

In December, the MDRP Secretariat focused on preparing and holding the MDRP Annual Partners' Meeting in Paris which took place December 11-13, 2007. The meeting was chaired by Ian Bannon, Sector Manager for the Fragile States, Conflict and Social Development Unit and was opened by Ms. Violaine de Villemeur, Sous-directrice de la Gouvernance Democratique, on behalf of the Government of France. A synthesis of the meetings is as follows:

- Over 80 participants attended the meetings, including representatives of seven partner country governments, 11 (out of 13) donors and 25 partner and guest organizations participated over the three day meetings.
- The meeting's key themes this year included: consolidating progress and accelerating operations; planning for transition and exit; and learning from MDRP experiences.
- This year's meetings were followed by the MDRP's first one-day Learning Seminar to promote knowledge sharing and dissemination with MDRP partners and other stakeholders interested in DDR issues. The Seminar included additional participants from civil society, academia as well as Government representatives from Colombia's Community-based Reintegration Program.
- The meetings proved highly valuable and essential in raising outstanding issues and challenges. The many concrete ideas and suggestions will be used to reinforce the MDRP Program as it enters its final phase.

IV. PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

The Secretariat continued to consult with partners and donors, with a continued focus on the financing gap of the regional Trust Fund (see section V) and maintaining dialogue with partners to address programmatic issues in Burundi as well as in the DRC; particularly close monitoring of the situation in the Kivus and negotiating additional financing for the DRC.

Implementation support to operations:

- **Implementation Supervision Missions (ISMs):** ISMs were conducted in each MDRP country (excluding Angola) in tandem with the above mentioned Joint Partner Missions.
- **RoC Mid-term Review (MTR):** (see section II.D above)

Outreach events:

- The MDRP Secretariat participated in several key events over the month including the Great Lakes Contact Group meeting in Washington DC on November 16th where staff presented the status of MDRP operations in the DRC. Outreach activities further included the screening of the MDRP film to the academic community at Boston College, Harvard University and Northeastern University. Secretariat staff further traveled to New York to meet with staff of the UN Peace Building Commission, including Ambassador Lovald of Norway, current chair of the PBC, and with UN DPKO.

V. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

A. Fund Raising and Administration

Over the quarter, the Secretariat succeeded in reducing the overall funding gap of the program. The Governments of The Netherlands and of Sweden contributed an additional \$14.7 million during the fourth quarter, and the AfDB pledged approximately US\$24 million. The current assessment of MDRP financing, including on-going grant cancellations, and the aforementioned commitments and pledges of financial support will reduce the MDRP Trust Fund (TF) gap to approximately \$20 million. With expected savings on the Angola, Burundi and Republic of Congo programs of at least another \$20 million, the MDRP Secretariat is currently projecting that the financing gap will be closed in the coming months.

Given the dynamic nature of the overall program and the need since its inception to flexibly respond to client needs, the Secretariat undertook an exercise during the quarter to amend the Administrative Agreements with each of the donors in order to reflect the revised budgetary needs of the program. The main reasons for the amendment included: (i) the extension of MDRP from 2007 to 2009 resulted in increased staff, operating, and consultant costs; (ii) reintegration sub-projects in the DRC and Burundi programs being classified as consultant services; and (iii) higher than expected consultant service costs in the DRC and Angola.

The Trust Fund Committee meeting held in Paris in December approved the 2008 budget of \$5.2 million for Bank-executed activities under the Trust Fund. The budget reflects five priority areas: (i) continued support of DRC beyond the closing of MDRP Trust Fund grant in March 2008; (ii) enhanced support for Burundi; (iii) renewed efforts for Combatants on Foreign Soil work; (iv) rapid expansion of gender work; and (v) consolidated analyses and studies on lessons and experiences from the MDRP.

B. Income and Disbursements

At the close of December 2007, the MDRP TF had received \$242.5 million in income and disbursed nearly \$216 million, leaving a TF cash balance of \$26.6 million. Investment interest earned and new contributions from the Governments of the Netherlands and Sweden increased income by \$15.5 million; over the same period disbursements grew by \$5.5 million, a 67 percent increase in the rate of disbursement over the previous quarter. This represents a positive shift in disbursement trends, which results from a renewed flow of TF resources to Burundi and accelerated activities in the Republic of Congo National Program. Disbursements in Angola lagged during the quarter as did those to the DRC with the program under suspension since late November.

The improved liquidity of the TF during the quarter enabled the MDRP to increase disbursements to Burundi. This is an important step given the significant variation in IDA/MDRP TF expenditure ratios and the possibility that the Government of Burundi may request that the IDA portion of the program be extended in order to accommodate the full processing of the final ex-combatant caseloads.

C. Overall MDRP Financial Status

As of December 31, 2007, the MDRP Secretariat estimated that approximately \$303 million will be required under the MDRP TF to cover both grant commitments for national programs and special projects and for Bank-executed program management and regional activities. As of the same date, \$242.5 million had been committed by 13 donors to the MDRP TF and earned in investment income. Taking into consideration outstanding pledges of support from Belgium, Germany and Sweden, a new pledge from the African Development Bank, and fund balances on

closed special project accounts, the MDRP Secretariat currently projects the aforementioned overall TF funding gap of \$20 million, excluding any reductions or savings in national program operations.

Table 2: MDRP Trust Fund Un-audited Financial Statement (as of December 31st, 2007)

MDRP Trust Fund (TF 50574)		
Comparison of Receipts and Disbursements *		
Income & Disbursement Categories	US\$	
	as of 9/30/07	as of 12/31/07
1. Receipts to date		
a. Total donor contributions	221,591,913	236,257,777
- Belgium	10,992,483	10,992,483
- Canada	19,475,901	19,475,901
- Denmark	4,033,720	4,033,720
- EC	22,764,000	22,764,000
- Finland	1,356,450	1,356,450
- France	2,078,600	2,078,600
- Germany	11,827,578	11,827,578
- Italy	1,714,050	1,714,050
- Netherlands	104,710,651	116,219,451
- Norway	6,875,376	6,875,376
- Sweden	5,103,555	8,260,619
- UK	30,000,000	30,000,000
- Ireland	659,550	659,550
b. Investment Income	5,825,782	6,205,366
Total Receipts	227,417,695	242,463,142
2. Disbursements to date		
a. National Programs	133,585,150	137,569,508
b. Special Projects	55,086,403	55,086,403
c. Regional Activities	1,875,133	1,987,952
d. Program Management **	18,508,012	19,800,351
e. Trust Fund administrative charge	1,359,431	1,447,427
Total Disbursements	210,414,128	215,891,641
3. Trust Fund Balance	17,003,567	26,571,502
* as of 3/31/07		
** Includes MDRP secretariat input for general program administration, national program and special projects management		

Table 3: Disbursements by Country and Funding Source (as of December 31st 2007)

Country and Source of Funds	Commitment amount (USD)	Disbursements (USD)		Percent disbursement change	Percent disbursed to date
		as of 9/30/07	as of 12/31/07		
Angola					
- IDA	38,154,000	16,332,156	30,023,419	83.83%	78.69%
- MDTF	48,400,000	17,257,935	17,257,935	0.00%	35.66%
- Special Projects	4,245,592	4,245,592	4,245,592	0.00%	100.00%
Total	90,799,592	37,835,683	51,526,946	36.19%	56.75%
Burundi					
- IDA	35,292,450	23,061,321	26,110,877	13.22%	73.98%
- MDTF	41,800,000	14,536,310	16,732,810	15.11%	40.03%
- Special Projects	3,536,000	3,474,016	3,474,016	0.00%	98.25%
Total	80,628,450	41,071,647	46,317,703	12.77%	57.45%
CAR					
- IDA	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
- MDTF	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
- Special Projects	9,777,000	9,727,000	9,727,000	0.00%	99.49%
Total	9,777,000	9,727,000	9,727,000	0.00%	99.49%
Congo, Republic of					
- IDA	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
- MDTF	17,000,000	3,174,474	4,368,333	37.61%	25.70%
- Special Projects	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Total	17,000,000	3,174,474	4,368,333	0.00%	25.70%
DRC					
- IDA	108,261,975	96,473,864	107,119,423	11.03%	98.94%
- MDTF	100,000,000	90,064,953	90,419,911	0.39%	90.42%
- Special Projects	37,970,525	33,478,045	33,478,045	0.00%	88.17%
Total	246,232,500	220,016,862	231,017,379	5.00%	93.82%
Rwanda					
- IDA*	30,663,092	25,986,246	28,005,078	7.77%	91.33%
- MDTF	14,400,000	8,551,477	8,790,520	2.80%	61.05%
- Special Projects	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Total	45,063,092	34,537,723	36,795,598	6.54%	81.65%
Uganda					
- IDA	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
- MDTF	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
- Special Projects	4,204,000	4,161,749	4,161,749	0.00%	98.99%
Total	4,204,000	4,161,749	4,161,749	0.00%	98.99%
Sub-Total					
- IDA; national programs	212,371,517	161,853,587	191,258,798	18.17%	90.06%
- MDTF; national programs	221,600,000	133,585,150	137,569,508	2.98%	62.08%
- Special Projects	59,733,117	55,086,403	55,086,403	0.00%	92.22%
TOTAL	493,704,634	350,525,139	383,914,708	9.53%	77.76%
Total MDTF	281,333,117	188,671,552	192,655,911	2.11%	68.48%

* The disbursed amounts shown for the Rwanda IDA credit are not consistent with official World Bank records due to a \$10.5 million reduction in the value of the credit as a result of the debt relief initiative

WORK PLAN FOR NEXT QUARTER

Table 4: Work plan for January – March 2008

Activity	January	February	March
Regional Activities	— Participation in Kivus Peace Conference		— MDRP Strategic Reviews
Missions	— CAR mission to assess future D&R needs	— Burundi ISM	— Angola (Restructuring & LEAP) — Rwanda ISM
Program Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Donors VC — Amendments of MDRP Administrative Agreements — Continued discussions with AfDB on new pledge 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — DRC Additional Financing Negotiations — Establishment of Trust Fund for Emergency Reintegration DRC — Participation in Great Lakes Contact Group Meeting — Amendments of MDRP Administrative Agreements — Continued discussions with AfDB on new pledge 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Continued discussions with AfDB on new pledge